### SAFETY DATA SHEET



Big Universal Trap - Helium-Hydrogen

### **Section 1. Identification**

This product is considered an article. This Safety Data Sheet is written based on the encapsulated substance or mixture in this article.

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Big Universal Trap - Helium-Hydrogen Part no. : RMSH-2, RMSH-4, RMSHY-2, RMSHY-4

Validation date : 12/20/2023

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Analytical chemistry.

A kit containing:

RMSH-2 Big Universal Trap, 1/8" fttgs, Helium
RMSH-4 Big Universal Trap, 1/4" fttgs, Helium
RMSHY-2 Big Universal Trap, 1/8" fttgs, Hydrogen
RMSHY-4 Big Universal Trap, 1/4" fttgs, Hydrogen

Sealed cartridge

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Supplier/Manufacturer**: Agilent Technologies, Inc.

5301 Stevens Creek Blvd Santa Clara, CA 95051, USA

800-227-9770

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

In case of emergency : CHEMTREC®: 1-800-424-9300

### Section 2. Hazards identification

This article, when used under reasonable conditions and in accordance with the directions for use, should not present a health hazard. The substance or mixture is encapsulated in the article. Only if released due to use or processing of the article in a manner not in accordance with the product's directions for use it may present potential health and safety hazards.

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

### **Classification of the substance or mixture**

H332 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
H318 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
H317 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
H350 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
H400 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
H410 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1

Ingredients of unknown

: Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation

toxicity: > 60%

#### 2.2 GHS label elements

toxicity

Hazard pictograms









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### Section 2. Hazards identification

Signal word

Danger

**Hazard statements** 

: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

H332 - Harmful if inhaled. H350 - May cause cancer.

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** 

: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P261 - Avoid breathing dust or mist.

Response

: P391 - Collect spillage.

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

**Storage** 

: Not applicable.

**Disposal** 

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Hazards not otherwise

: None known.

classified

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

This article, when used under reasonable conditions and in accordance with the directions for use, should not present a health hazard. The substance or mixture is encapsulated in the article. Only if released due to use or processing of the article in a manner not in accordance with the product's directions for use it may present potential health and safety hazards.

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture (encapsulated in article)

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Dicopper oxide	<4.4	1317-39-1
nickel monoxide	≤0.3	1313-99-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of necessary first aid measures

**Eye contact** 

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

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### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

Eet medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation**: Harmful if inhaled. Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or

recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.

Skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

### 4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

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### Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

Unsuitable extinguishing

: None known.

media

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

: Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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### Section 7. Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

## Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

: Industrial applications, Professional applications.

Industrial sector specific solutions

: Not available.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Since the hazardous ingredient in this article is encapsulated, the risk of exposure by inhalation, ingestion, skin contact and eyes contact is minimum.

### **8.1 Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Dicopper oxide	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [COPPER FUME as Cu]
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Cu) 10 hours. Form:
	Fume
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	[Copper Fume (as Cu)]
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Cu) 8 hours. Form:
	Fume
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).
	[Copper Fume]
	TWA: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Fume
	CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	[copper salts dusts and mists, as Cu]
	TWA: 1 mg/m³, (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: dust and mist
nickel monoxide	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). [Nickel, metal and insoluble compounds (as Ni)]

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA: 1 mg/m³, (as Ni) 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).

[nickel metal and other compounds as Ni]

TWA: 0.015 mg/m³, (as Ni) 10 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Nickel, insoluble inorganic compounds as Ni]

TWA: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Ni) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Nickel, metal and insoluble compounds (as Ni)]

TWA: 1 mg/m³, (as Ni) 8 hours.

CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [nickel, insoluble compounds as Ni]

TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Ni) 8 hours.

### **Biological exposure indices**

Ingredient name	Exposure indices
nrckel monoxide	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2022) [nickel and inorganic compounds]  BEI: 30 μg/l, nickel [in urine after exposure to soluble compounds]. Sampling time: post-shift at end of workweek.  BEI: 5 μg/l, nickel [in urine after exposure to elemental nickel and poorly soluble compounds]. Sampling time: post-shift at end of workweek.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

**Environmental exposure** controls

- : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
- : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **Individual protection measures**

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** 

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Solid. [Pellets. Granular solid. Powder.]

Color : Tan. White.

Odor : Odorless.

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : pH 8 to 11 (aqueous slurry)

Melting point/freezing point Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range Not available.Not available.

Flash point : Not applicable.
Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability : Not available.
Lower and upper explosion : Not applicable.

limit/flammability limit

Vapor pressure : Not available.

Relative vapor density : Mot applicable.

Relative density : 1.1 (piece)

Relative density : 1.1 (piece)
2.1 (Crystals.)

Solubility(ies) : Media Result
Water Insoluble

Partition coefficient: noctanol/water : Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : Mot applicable.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Mot applicable.

**Particle characteristics** 

**Median particle size** : Not available.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**10.1 Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**10.2 Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

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### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** : No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials : May react or be incompatible with oxidizing materials.

Hydrogen chloride (HCI).

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Dicopper oxide	LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	>2000 mg/kg	-
nickel monoxide	LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists		470 mg/kg >5.08 mg/l	- 4 hours

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Not available.

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

**Skin** : May cause sensitization by skin contact.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Classification** 

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
nickel monoxide	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
nickel monoxide	Category 1	inhalation	lungs

### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or

recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.

**Skin contact**: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

General : Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation. Once

sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low

levels.

**Carcinogenicity**: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
<b>B</b> ig Universal Trap - Helium-Hydrogen Dicopper oxide	12368.4	65789.5	N/A	11.6	N/A
	470	2500	N/A	11	N/A

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Big Universal Trap - Helium-H	ydrogen		
Section 11. To	xicological information		
Dicopper oxide	Acute EC50 0.042 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 350 μg/l Marine water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia similis</i> Crustaceans - <i>Balanus</i> <i>improvisus</i> - Nauplii	48 hours 48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.075 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
nickel monoxide	-	5613	High

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

12.5 Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **Section 13. Disposal considerations**

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

**Disposal methods** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.

The information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

### **Section 14. Transport information**

This Safety Data Sheet is written based on the encapsulated substance or mixture in this article. Since the hazardous ingredient is encapsulated, the risk of exposure by inhalation, ingestion, skin contact and eyes contact is minimum.

DOT / TDG / Mexico / IMDG / : Not regulated. IATA

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### **Section 14. Transport information**

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Dicopper oxide; nickel monoxide

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

lutants (HAPs)

Class I Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed

: Listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602** 

: Not listed

Class II Substances

**DEA List I Chemicals** 

: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals

: Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

SARA 302/304

**Composition/information on ingredients** 

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
carbon	≥25 - ≤50	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
Dicopper oxide		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
nickel monoxide	≤0.3	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

### **SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	1 1	1317-39-1 1313-99-1	<4.4 ≤0.3
Supplier notification	1 1	1317-39-1 1313-99-1	<4.4 ≤0.3

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

### State regulations

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### Section 15. Regulatory information

**Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: ALUMINUM OXIDE

**New York** None of the components are listed.

: The following components are listed: ALUMINUM OXIDE; COPPER compounds; **New Jersey** 

**NICKEL OXIDE** 

The following components are listed: ALUMINUM OXIDE; COPPER COMPOUNDS **Pennsylvania** 

California Prop. 65

⚠ WARNING: This product can expose you to Nickel oxide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name		Maximum acceptable dosage level
Nickel oxide	-	-

### **International regulations**

### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

### **Inventory list**

**Australia** : All components are listed or exempted. Canada : All components are listed or exempted. China : All components are listed or exempted.

**Japan** : Japan inventory (CSCL): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ISHL): All components are listed or exempted.

**New Zealand** : All components are listed or exempted. **Philippines** : All components are listed or exempted. Republic of Korea : All components are listed or exempted. **Taiwan** : All components are listed or exempted. : All components are listed or exempted. **Thailand Turkey** : All components are listed or exempted. **United States** : All components are active or exempted. **Viet Nam** : All components are listed or exempted.

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### Section 16. Other information

### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
CUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1	Calculation method

### **History**

Date of issue/Date of

revision

Version

: 12/20/2023 : 02/17/2021

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**Key to abbreviations** 

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available UN = United Nations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### **Notice to reader**

Disclaimer: The information contained in this document is based on Agilent's state of knowledge at the time of preparation. No warranty as to its accurateness, completeness or suitability for a particular purpose is expressed or implied.

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