SAFETY DATA SHEET



InfinityLab LC Performance Standard Kit, Part Number 5191-4547

Section 1. Identification

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : InfinityLab LC Performance Standard Kit, Part Number 5191-4547

Part no. : 5191-4547 **Validation date** : 12/21/2023

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Reagents and Standards for Analytical Chemistry Laboratory Use

5191-4547-1 InfinityLab LC Performance Checkout Std 5 x 0.5 ml

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier/Manufacturer: Agilent Technologies, Inc.

5301 Stevens Creek Blvd Santa Clara, CA 95051, USA

800-227-9770

1.4 Emergency telephone number

In case of emergency : CHEMTREC®: 1-800-424-9300

Section 2. Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

F225FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2H301ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3H311ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3H331ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3

H351 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

H360 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B

H370 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1

H410 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1

2.2 GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :









Signal word : Danger

H301 + H311 + H331 - Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H370 - Causes damage to organs. (central nervous system (CNS), optic nerve)

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention

: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.

P242 - Use non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P260 - Do not breathe vapor.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response

: P391 - Collect spillage.

P308 + P311 - IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P304 + P340, P311 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable

for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P361 + P364 - Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P312, P352 - IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

Wash with plenty of water.

Storage

: P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

2.3 Other hazards

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	
Methanol	≥75 - ≤90	67-56-1	
bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	≤0.3	117-81-7	

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

4.1 Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact

: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Toxic if inhaled. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled.

Skin contact : Toxic in contact with skin. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in

contact with skin.

Ingestion: Toxic if swallowed. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Mighly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide Formaldehyde.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

: Industrial applications, Professional applications.

Industrial sector specific

solutions

: Not available.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

ngredient name	Exposure limits
Methanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 262 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 328 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 260 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 325 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 260 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

•	
	STEL: 325 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 325 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
	C: 1000 ppm TWA: 260 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 200 mg/m 8 hours.
hig/2 Ethylhovyll phtholoto	
bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	STFL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes
	STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

Biological exposure indices

Ingredient name	Exposure indices
	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2022) BEI: 15 mg/l, methanol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with sideshields.

Skin protection

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Not available.

Odor : Not available.

Odor threshold : Not available.

PH : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Boiling point, initial boiling : Not available.

point, and boiling range

Flash point

: Closed cup: -18 to 23°C (-0.4 to 73.4°F)

Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability : Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosion : Not available.
limit/flammability limit

Vapor pressure

Vapor Pressure at 20°CVapor pressure at 50°CIngredient namekPaMethodmm
HgkPaMethodMethanol126.9616.9----

92.258

12.3

Relative vapor density : Not available.

Relative density : Not available.

Solubility(ies)

MediaResultwaterSoluble

Miscible with water

: Yes.

water

Partition coefficient: noctanol/water : Not applicable.

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17.5

2.3

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Auto-ignition temperature : Ingredient name °C °F Method
Methanol 455 851 DIN 51794

Decomposition temperature : Not available. Viscosity : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Methanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat Rat	189.95 mg/l 145000 ppm	1 hours 1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal	Rat Rat Rabbit	83.84 mg/l 64000 ppm 15800 mg/kg	4 hours 4 hours
bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rabbit Rat	5600 mg/kg 25 g/kg 30 g/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Methanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Eyes: May cause eye irritation.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce reproductive system

damage.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Methanol	Category 1		central nervous system (CNS), optic nerve

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Toxic if inhaled. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled.

Skin contact: Toxic in contact with skin. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in

contact with skin.

Ingestion : Toxic if swallowed. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
InfinityLab LC Performance Standard Kit, Part Number 5191-4547	131.9	395.8	N/A	4.0	N/A
Methanol bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	100 30000	300 25000	N/A N/A	3 N/A	N/A N/A

Other information

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: blurred or double vision, Eye contact can result in corneal damage or blindness. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce liver damage. Narcotic effect. May cause nervous system disturbances.

Section 12. Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
<mark>M</mark> ethanol	Acute EC50 2736 mg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Ulva pertusa</i>	96 hours
	Acute LC50 2500000 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Crangon crangon</i> - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3289 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 290 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Danio rerio</i> - Egg	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 9.96 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	Acute EC50 133 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 37.95 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 76 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Cyprinus carpio Algae - Hormosira banksii -	96 hours 72 hours

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	Gamete	
Chronic NOEC 109 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Eurytemora affinis	21 days
	- Nauplii	_
Chronic NOEC 0.077 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
Chronic NOEC 0.1 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Poecilia reticulata</i> - Larvae	28 days

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	OECD 301B Ready Biodegradability - CO ₂ Evolution Test OECD 301B Ready Biodegradability - CO ₂ Evolution Test	82 % - Readily - 29 days 82 % - Readily - 29 days		- 20.3 mg/l		20.3 mg/l Activated sludge Activated sludge
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis			Biodegi	radability
Methanol	-	-		Readily		

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Methanol	-0.77	<10	Low
bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	7.6	1380	High

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

12.5 Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

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Section 13. Disposal considerations

Ingredient	CAS#		Reference number
Methanol (I)	67-56-1	Listed	U154

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.

The information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

Section 14. Transport information

DOT / TDG / Mexico / IMDG / : Not regulated.

IATA

Additional information

Remarks: De minimis quantities

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 5(a)2 final significant new use rules: di-n-pentyl phthalate

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate; Diethyl phthalate

Clean Air Act Section 112 Listed

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances

: Not listed

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

DEA List I Chemicals

(Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

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Section 15. Regulatory information

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 Classification

> ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3

CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Methanol	-70 -00	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1
bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	_0.0	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements			≥75 - ≤90 ≤0.3
Supplier notification			≥75 - ≤90 ≤0.3

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

: The following components are listed: METHANOL Massachusetts **New York** : The following components are listed: Methanol

New Jersey : The following components are listed: METHYL ALCOHOL; BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL)

PHTHALATE

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: METHANOL

California Prop. 65



MARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. This product can expose you to chemicals including Benzophenone, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Methanol and Din-hexyl phthalate, which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Methanol	-	Yes.
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	Yes.	Yes.
Di-n-hexyl phthalate	-	Yes.
Benzophenone	-	-

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

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Section 15. Regulatory information

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia : Not determined.

Canada : All components are listed or exempted.
China : All components are listed or exempted.

Japan : Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.
Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

New Zealand : All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines : Not determined.

Republic of Korea : All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan : All components are listed or exempted.

Thailand : Not determined.

Turkey : Not determined.

United States : All components are active or exempted.Viet Nam : All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
► AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	Expert judgment
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3	Calculation method
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3	Calculation method
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1	Calculation method

History

Date of issue/Date of : 12/21/2023

revision

Date of previous issue : 05/25/2023

Version : 2

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available UN = United Nations

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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Section 16. Other information

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